

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4 Skin corrosion, Category 1B Serious eye damage, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2 Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2 H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.
H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)







SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907	7/2006 080 50 77	ans chuike arians
gigasept® instru AFVersionRevision Date:05.0101.02.2017		e! Date of last issue: 11.11.2016 Date of first issue: 11.05.2004
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: H302 H314 H373 H410	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure if swallowed. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		Do not breathe vapours. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. 30 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth. 53 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
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Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

II	90640-43-0 68424-85-1	Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride	
	pecial labelling of certa	in : Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004: (5 - 15 % non-ionic surfactants, perfumes)	
F	urther information	: The product is classified in accordance with Annex I (2.6.4.5) to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.	

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. No special risks known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Solution of the following substances with harmless additives.

Hazardous components







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Chemical name	Index-Number CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Cocosalkylpropylendiamin- biguanidiniumdiacetat	 939-650-3 01-2119980967-14- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Corr. 1C; H314 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Aquatic Acute 1; H400	14
Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride	 68424-85-1 270-325-2 01-2119970550-39- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	2,5
Ethanol	603-002-00-5 64-17-5 200-578-6 01-2119457610-43- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	5 - 15
Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether	 69011-36-5	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	080 50 77 bar
Propan-2-ol	Polymer 077 barjans: 603-117-00-0 67-63-0 200-661-7 01-2119457558-25- XXXX	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	< 5
N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine	 90640-43-0 292-562-0 01-2119957843-25- XXXX	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	< 5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
If inhaled	: If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	: Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15
	minutes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	: In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse imme-
	diately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least
	15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Give small
	amounts of water to drink. Obtain medical attention.









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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

: Treat symptomatically.,

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment

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: For specialist advice physicians should contact the Poisons Information Service.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry powder, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Water spray jet
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire- fighting	: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and s fire.	spread
Specific risk from the sub- stance or the product itself, its combustion products or	: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides trogen (NOx)	of ni-
evolved gases	🔵 barjans 💦 🔵 b	arjans
.3 Advice for firefighters	080 50 77 barjans.si 080) 50 77 barjans.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing appa	iratus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions	: Increased risk of slipping in the presence of leaked / spilled product. Use personal protective equipment.
6.2 Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration.
6.3 Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
6.4 Reference to other sections	
see Section 8 + 13	
SECTION 7: Handling and stora	age
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	: Prepare the working solution as given on the label(s) and/or the user instructions.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

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No special protective measures against fire required.





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Hygiene measures

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers	: Store at room temperature in the original container.
Further information on stor- age conditions Advice on common storage	Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep away from heat. Keep container tightly closed.No materials to be especially mentioned.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	

: Keep away from food and drink.

Specific use(s)

: none

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5	Permissible ex- posure limit	500 ppm 960 mg/m3	TRGS 900
		Ceiling Limit Val- ue	1.000 ppm 1.920 mg/m3	TRGS 900
arians		Permissible ex- posure limit	1.000 ppm 1.900 mg/m3	OSHA
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Permissible ex- posure limit	200 ppm 500 mg/m3	TRGS 900 barja
		Ceiling Limit Val- ue	400 ppm 1.000 mg/m3	TRGS 900
		Permissible ex- posure limit	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	OSHA

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health ef- fects	Value
Alkyl (C12-16) dime- thylbenzyl ammonium chloride	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	5,7 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3,96 mg/m3
Ethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Acute effects, Local effects	1900 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Chronic effects	343 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Chronic effects	950 mg/m3
Propan-2-ol	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term exposure, Systemic effects	888 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term exposure, Systemic effects	500 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:











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Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride	Fresh water	0,0009 mg/l
	Marine water	0,00009 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12,27 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	13,09 mg/kg
	Soil	7 mg/kg
	Effects on waste water treatment plants	0,4 mg/l
Ethanol	Fresh water	0,96 mg/l
	Marine water	0,79 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3,6 mg/kg
	Soil	0,63 mg/kg
Propan-2-ol	Fresh water	140,9 mg/l
	Marine water	140,9 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	552 mg/kg
irjans (soilOdrans	28 mg/kg
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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment Eye protection	t Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166
Hand protection Directive	The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifica- tions of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.
Remarks	Splash protection: disposable nitrile rubber gloves e.g. Dermatril (layer thickness: 0.11 mm) made by KCL or gloves from other manufacturers offering the same protection. Pro- longed contact: Nitrile rubber gloves e.g. Camatril (>480 Min., layer thickness: 0,40 mm) or butyl rubber gloves e.g. Butoject (>480 Min., layer thickness: 0,70 mm) made by KCL or gloves from other manufacturers offering the same protection.
Respiratory protection	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re- quired.
Protective measures	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties









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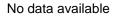
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9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: green
Odour	: amine-like
Odour Threshold	: not determined
рH	: ca. 9, 20 °C, concentrate
Melting point/freezing point	: <-5 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	: ca. 90 °C
Flash point	: 36 °C, DIN 51755 Part 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Other information: Does not sustain combustion.
Evaporation rate	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	: No data available
Lower explosion limit	: No data available
Relative vapour density	: No data available
Density	: ca. 0,99 g/cm3, 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: in all proportions , 20 °C
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not applicable
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	:ca. 30 mPa*s, 20 °C, DIN 54453
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
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9.2 Other information	and a set of the set o



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions None reasonably foreseeable.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids.,

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None reasonably foreseeable.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information









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11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 1.066 mg/kg, Harmful if swallowed.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 14,7 mg/l
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 4.839 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage., Calculation method

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Causes serious eye damage., Calculation method

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat:

No data available

Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride:

Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals. Guinea pig

Ethanol:

Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.Maximisation Test, Guinea pig Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether:

Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.Maximisation Test, Guinea pig **Propan-2-ol:**

Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.Buehler Test, Guinea pig

N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine:

not applicable, corrosive substance. According Guidline OECD 402 a non- corrosive concentration has to be tested

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-
sessment: No data availableAlkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Not mutagenic in Ames TestGerm cell mutagenicity- As-
sessment: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show
mutagenic effects.Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: OECD Test Guideline 471, Not mutagenic in Ames Test

Genotoxicity in vitro : Not mutagenic in Ames Test Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : Not mutagenic in Ames Test sessment Propan-2-ol:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.













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sessment	
N-dodecylpropane-1,3-dia	nine:
Genotoxicity in vitro	: Not mutagenic in Ames Test
Germ cell mutagenicity- As-	: Not mutagenic in Ames Test
sessment	
Carcinogenicity	
Components:	
Cocosalkylpropylendiamir	biguanidiniumdiacetat:
Carcinogenicity - Assess-	
ment	
Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber	
Carcinogenicity - Assess-	: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.
ment Ethanol:	
Carcinogenicity - Assess-	: Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.
ment	. Did hot show carcinogenic enects in animal experiments.
Tridecylpolyethylenglycol	ether:
Carcinogenicity - Assess-	: Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.
ment	ů i
Propan-2-ol:	
Carcinogenicity - Assess-	: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.
ment	
N-dodecylpropane-1,3-dia	
Carcinogenicity - Assess-	: No data available 15 Odrians
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Reproductive toxicity	
<u>Components:</u>	
	ıbiguanidiniumdiacetat:
Components:	
<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment	: No data available
<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber	: No data available
<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As-	: No data available
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<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol:	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop-	: No data available
<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg
<u>Components:</u> Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop-	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after
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Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250
Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycolo	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg
Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycolo	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycold Effects on fertility	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg Rat, Dermal, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, NOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycold Effects on fertility Reproductive toxicity - As-	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
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Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal develop- ment Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycole Effects on fertility Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment Propan-2-ol:	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg Rat, Dermal, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, NOAEL: 250 mg/kg Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Components:CocosalkylpropylendiamirReproductive toxicity - AssessmentAlkyl (C12-16) dimethylberReproductive toxicity - AssessmentEthanol:Effects on foetal developmentReproductive toxicity - AssessmentTridecylpolyethylenglycoldEffects on fertilityReproductive toxicity - AssessmentTridecylpolyethylenglycoldEffects on fertilityReproductive toxicity - AssessmentTridecylpolyethylenglycoldEffects on fertilityReproductive toxicity - AssessmentPropan-2-ol:Reproductive toxicity - Ass	 No data available nzyl ammonium chloride: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg Rat, Dermal, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, NOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Components:CocosalkylpropylendiamirReproductive toxicity - AssessmentAlkyl (C12-16) dimethylberReproductive toxicity - AssessmentEthanol:Effects on foetal developmentReproductive toxicity - AssessmentTridecylpolyethylenglycoldEffects on fertilityReproductive toxicity - AssessmentTridecylpolyethylenglycoldEffects on fertilityReproductive toxicity - AssessmentPropan-2-ol:Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	 No data available Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
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Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiamir Reproductive toxicity - Assessment Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylber Reproductive toxicity - Assessment Ethanol: Effects on foetal development Reproductive toxicity - Assessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycold Effects on fertility Reproductive toxicity - Assessment Tridecylpolyethylenglycold Effects on fertility Reproductive toxicity - Assessment Propan-2-ol: Reproductive toxicity - Assessment N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diameter	 No data available No data available Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility. Rat, Oral, NOAEL: 2.000 mg/kg In animal testing, risk of impaired fertility was shown only after administration of very high doses of this substance. ether: Two-generation study, Rat, NOAEL: > 250 mg/kg, F1: > 250 mg/kg, F2: > 250 mg/kg Rat, Oral, NOAEL: > 50 mg/kg, NOAEL: 50 mg/kg Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.











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STOT - single exposure

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Components:

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Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride: No data available Ethanol: No data available Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure. Propan-2-ol: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine: not determined

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ethanol:

Rat, NOAEL: 1.730 mg/kg, LOAEL: 3.160 mg/kg, Oral90 d N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine: Rat, male and female, NOAEL: 0,4 mg/l, Ingestion, OECD Test Guideline 408

080 50 Aspiration toxicity

080 50 77 | barjans.si



Components:

Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether: No aspiration toxicity classification

Further information

Product:

No data is available on the product itself.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,28 mg/l, 48 h, Analyti- cal monitoring: yes, OECD Test Guideline 202, GLP: yes
Ecotoxicology Assessment		
Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat:

Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0,1 - 1 mg/l, 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other	: No data available
aquatic invertebrates	
Toxicity to algae	: No data available
M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-	: 10
icity)	











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· ·	ironic aquatic	: 1
toxicity)		
		l ammonium chloride:
Toxicity to fis		: LC50 : 0,85 mg/l, 96 h
aquatic inver		: EC50 (Daphnia magna): 0,015 mg/l, 48 h
Toxicity to al		: IC50:0,03 mg/l, 72 h
M-Factor (Ac icity)	ute aquatic tox-	: 10
	h (Chronic tox-	: NOEC: 0,032 mg/l, 34 d, Pimephales promelas (fathead min- now)
	phnia and other	: NOEC: 0,0042 mg/l, 21 d, Daphnia magna (Water flea)
	tebrates (Chron-	
	ronic aquatic	: 1
toxicity)		
Ethanol:		
Toxicity to fis		: LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 8.140 mg/l, 48 h
	phnia and other	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5.000 mg/l, 48 h
aquatic inver		
Toxicity to al	gae	 IC50 (Scenedesmus quadricauda (Green algae)): > 100 mg/l, 72 h
	ethylenglycoleth	
Toxicity to fis		: LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 1 - 10 mg/l, 96 h, OECD Test Guideline 203 jans.si 080 50 77 bar
Toxicity to da	phnia and other	Test Guideline 203rjans.si : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l, 48 h,
aquatic inver		OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to al		: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 1 - 10 mg/l,
Duran A. I		72 h, OECD Test Guideline 201
Propan-2-ol		. LOEO (Lougioque idue). 100 mg/L 10 h statisticate Dow mg
Toxicity to fis	n	: LC50 (Leuciscus idus): > 100 mg/l, 48 h, static test, Raw ma- terial, literature value
Toxicity to da	phnia and other	: EC50 (Daphnia magna): > 100 mg/l, 48 h, static test, Raw
aquatic inver		material, literature value
Toxicity to al	gae	 EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l, 72 h, static test, Raw material, literature value
	opane-1,3-diamir	
Toxicity to fis		: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): 0,148 mg/l, 96 h, OECD Test Guideline 203
	phnia and other	: NOEC (Daphnia magna): 0,032 mg/l, Reproduction Test,
aquatic inver		OECD Test Guideline 211, 21 -days
Toxicity to al	-	: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0,0652 mg/l, 72 h, OECD Test Guideline 201
M-Factor (Ac icity)	ute aquatic tox-	: 100
	phnia and other	: NOEC: 0,032 mg/l, 21 d, Daphnia magna (Water flea), OECD
	tebrates (Chron-	Test Guideline 211
	ronic aquatic	: 1









gigasept® instru AF No Change Service! **Revision Date:** Version Date of last issue: 11.11.2016 05.01 01.02.2017 Date of first issue: 11.05.2004 12.2 Persistence and degradability Product: Biodegradability : According to OECD criteria, the product is inherently biodegradable., The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Chemical Oxygen Demand : 18.323 mg/l ,1 % solution (COD) Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat: : biodegradable, OECD 301B/ ISO 9439/ EEC 84/449 C5 Biodegradability Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride: Biodegradability : Readily biodegradable., OECD 301D / EEC 84/449 C6 Ethanol: Biodegradability : Readily biodegradable. Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether: Biodegradability : rapidly biodegradable, Biodegradation: > 60 %, Exposure time: 28 d, OECD 301B/ ISO 9439/ EEC 84/449 C5 Propan-2-ol: Biodegradability 1 Readily biodegradable. N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine: Biodegradability : biodegradable, OECD Test Guideline 301A 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Components: Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat: Bioaccumulation : No data available Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride: Bioaccumulation Does not bioaccumulate. Ethanol: **Bioaccumulation** Bioaccumulation is unlikely. Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: -0,14, calculated : octanol/water Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether: Bioaccumulation : Bioaccumulation is unlikely. Propan-2-ol: Bioaccumulation No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow ≤ 4). Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: 0,05 (20 °C), OECD Test Guideline 107 ÷ octanol/water N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine: Bioaccumulation : Does not bioaccumulate. 12.4 Mobility in soil **Components:** Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat: : No data available Mobility Alkyl (C12-16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride: : No data available Mobility Ethanol: Mobility : No data available Tridecylpolyethylenglycolether: Mobility : The product evaporates slowly., Adsorbs on soil. Propan-2-ol:











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Mobility: Mobile in soilsN-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine:Mobility: not determined

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment

: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor- : none mation

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	: Dispose of the product according to the defined EWC (Euro- pean Waste Code) No.
Contaminated packaging	: Take empty packaging to the recycling plant.
Waste key for the unused	: European waste catalog (EWC) 070601
product	harlanc harlanc
Waste key for the unused	💘 Waste material of HZVA from fats, lubricants, soaps, deter-
080 50product(Group)	gents, disinfectants and personal protection products.0 50 77 barians.si

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number			
ADR	: UN 1903		
IMDG	: UN 1903		
ΙΑΤΑ	: UN 1903		
14.2 UN proper shipping name			
ADR	 DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat, Alkyl (C12- 16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride) 		
IMDG	DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat, Alkyl (C12- 16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride)		
ΙΑΤΑ	 Disinfectant, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Cocosalkylpropylendiaminbiguanidiniumdiacetat, Alkyl (C12- 16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride) 		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)			
ADR	: 8		
IMDG	: 8		
ΙΑΤΑ	: 8		
Z11074 ZSDB_P_ALL EN	barjans barja		

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14.4 Packing group

ADR Packing group Classification Code Hazard Identification Number Labels Tunnel restriction code	:	III C9 80 8 E
IMDG Packing group Labels EmS Code	:	III 8 F-A, S-B
IATA Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing group Labels	:	856 III Corrosive

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes



Marine pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user

yes



Not classified as supporting combustion according to the transport regulations. For personal protection see section 8.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High : Not applicable Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol-: Not applicable lutants

: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of majoraccident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Volatile organic compounds Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 10 %, Directive 2010/75/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds

Other regulations

The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply)









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with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer. Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Exempt

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

	H225	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H301	: Toxic if swallowed.
	H302	: Harmful if swallowed.
	H312	: Harmful in contact with skin.
	H314	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H318	: Causes serious eye damage.
	H319	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
<u> </u>	80 50 77 barians si	exposure if swallowed. 080 50 77 barrans si
	80 50 77 barjans.si H373	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure if swallowed.
	H400	: Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410	: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Full text of other abb	reviations
	Acute Tox.	: Acute toxicity
	Aquatic Acute	: Acute aquatic toxicity
	Aquatic Chronic	: Chronic aquatic toxicity
	Eye Dam.	: Serious eye damage
	Eye Irrit.	: Eye irritation
	Flam. Liq.	: Flammable liquids
	Skin Corr.	: Skin corrosion

Skin Corr.:Skin corrosionSTOT RE:Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposureSTOT SE:Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equip-









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ment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Darjansschülke

Further information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method



Changes compared with the previous edition!!!

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.





